GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH
EDUCATION (W) DEPARTMENT
ABSTRACT

Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974-Consolidated self-contained and comprehensive instructions under the order – Issued.


Read:
1. G.O.Ms.No. 453, General Administration (SPF. B) Department, dt. 3-7-1974.

ORDER:

In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (1) and (2) of article 371-D of the Constitution of India, the President has made, with respect to the State of Andhra Pradesh, the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974. This Presidential Order was published at pages 1383/ of the Gazette of India Extraordinary, Part II-Section3, Sub-section (i) dated the 1st July, 1974. It had come into force on the same day. The Order was Re-published in Andhra Pradesh Gazette Extraordinary dated the 3rd July, 1974, through the Government Order first read above. A copy of the order, as amended up to date is appended.

2. The Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulations of Admissions) order, 1974 provides for reservation of seats in favour of local candidates in courses of study provided by the Universities and other educational institutions subject to the control of the State Government. Paragraph 9 of the Order lays down that the provisions of that order shall have effect not with standing any thing contained in any statute ordinance rule, regulation or other order (whether made before or after the commencement of the Order) in respect of admissions to any University or any other educational institutions subject tot the control of the State Government. Paragraph 10 of the said order, however, declares that nothing in the orders shall affect the operation of any provisions made by the State Government or other Competent Authority (whether before or after the commencement of the order) in respect of reservations in the matter of admission to any University or other Educational Institution in favour of women, socially and educationally backward classes of citizens, the scheduled castes and the Scheduled Tribes in so far as such Provisions are not inconsistent with the order.

3. After the coming into force of the above Presidential order, with effect form 1-7-1974, admission to the educational institutions in the entire State are to the made in the light of the provisions of the said order. According to Paragraph 4 of the order a candidate for admission to any course of study shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to a local area.
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(a) If he has studied in an educational institution or educational institutions in such local area for a period of not less than four consecutive academic years ending with the academic years in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared in the relevant qualifying examination. Or

(b) where during the whole or any part of the four consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination, he has not studied in any educational institution, if he has resided in that local area for a period of not less than four years immediately preceding the data of commencement of the relevant qualifying examination in which he appeared, or, as the case may be, first appeared.

4. I must be noted that para 4(a) as extracted above covers the cases of those candidates who studied in an educational institution or educational institutions for a period of not less than four consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared in the relevant qualifying examination, while para 4(b) applies to the case of other candidates. For purposes of para 4(a) educational institutions has been denied as a University or any educational institutions recognized by the State Government, a University or other competent authority. The eligibility of candidate who has studied during any part of the four years period in an unrecognized institution will have to be dealt with under para 4(b). While considering the eligibility of a candidate to be regarded as considering as a local candidate, under paragraph 4(a) of the Order by virtue of four consecutive years of study in a local area, it should be noted that in reckoning the consecutive academic years of study, any interruption in the period of his study by reason of his failure to pass any examination shall be disregarded. For instance, a candidate who has studied the IXth and Xth Classes and the Junior and Senior Intermediate Classes in institutions of the same local area with a break of one year after the Xth class on account of failure to pass the Xth class examination at the first attempt, shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to that local area for admission to a degree course in any institution in that area.

5. The above definition of the local candidate (as it stood until it was amended with effect from 25-11-1976) had given rise to certain situations wherein some of the candidates belonging to the state of Andhra Pradesh who have studied or resided through/ within the State come to be / out regarded as non-local candidates in all the local areas within the state. In order to avoid such a situation, the Government of India have since issued the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) second amendment order, 1976 amplifying the said definition in paragraph 4 of the order.

6. The Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) second Amendment Order, 1976 inserts a new sub-paragraph in the said 1974 Order – viz sub-paragraph (2) to paragraph 4 thereby making provision for considering the claims of persons, who under the old definition would have become non-local in relation to all local areas in the State. According to sub-para (2) (a) of para 4, after amendment, if such a candidate has studied in educational institutions in the State for a period of not less than seven consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination, he shall be regarded as local candidate in relation to that local area.
area where he had studied for the longest period out of the said period of seven years. In the event of the periods of study in two or more local areas being equal he shall be regarded as "local candidate in relation" to that local area where he studied during the last of the said equal periods. Clause (b) to sub-para (2) applies to a candidate who, during the whole of any part of the seven consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or as the case may be, first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination has not studied in educational institutions if any local area but has resided in the state during the whole of the said seven years, the candidate shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to "local area where he has’ resided for the longest period out of the seven years period. This residence test will be applied to candidates to whose cases there is a gap in study, occasioned otherwise than by reason of a failure to pass in an examination, in the prescribed full term of seven years immediately preceding the relevant qualifying examination. It has also been provided that where the periods of residence in two or more local areas are equal’ such a candidate shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to the local area where he resided last in such equal periods. The application of the liberalized definition made through the Second Amendment Order are illustrated by the examples given in the Annexure—

7. Through the same second Amendment Order, 1976 /to referred /above Paragraph 3 of the Presidential Order has been suitably amend to clarify that the local area relatable to the Andhra University shall also be the local area in respect of the Nagarjunas University and that the local area relatable to the Osmania University will also be the local area relatable to Kakatiya University which have been established with headquarters at Kaza, nambur, Guntur and Warangal respectively under the relevant University Acts, 1976.

8. "Relevant qualifying examination has been explained in the President Order as the examination a pass in which is the minimum Educational qualification for admission to the course of study for while admission is sought. For example in the case of admission to the MBBS course, the minimum educational qualification required at present is a pass in the "Intermediate examination. While a candidate which’ possesses B.Sc., degree 'will also be eligible for admission, in order to determine whether the candidate. is a "local candidate or not the period of study or residence, as the’ case may be immediately before the first appeared for the Intermediate examination along should be’ taken into consideration. Further, in the case of a candidate, who did not pass ‘the minimum qualifying examination in the ‘first attempt and therefore appeared for it more than once, the period of study or residence has to be computed with reference to his first appearance such examination. Candidates who do not satisfy the conditions laid down in Paragraph 4 in relation to any local area shall not be regarded as local’ candidates of the local area.

9. Having regard to the above, the Government have directed the for the purpose of admission into educational institution, those who claim to be local candidates with reference to para 4(1) (a) or para 4(2)(a) of the Andhra Pradesh Educational institutions (Regulation of Admissions).Order,1974 should produce evidence in the form of study certificates issued by the Heads of the educational institutions concern indicating the details of the year of years
in which the candidate has studied in an educational institution/ Institutions in such local area for a period of not less than four or seven consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared in the relevant qualifying examination. Those who do not qualify as local candidates under para 4(1)(a) or 4(2)(b) but claim to qualify by virtue of residence under para 4(1)(b) or para 4(2)(b) of the said Order should produce a certificate issued by an Officer of the Revenue Department not below the rank of Tahsildar in the form annexed Vide Annexure-II

10. The Government have carefully considered the manner of implementation of reservation in favour of local candidates provided in the Presidential order taking into account the provisions made in respect of reservation in favour of Schedules Castes, Schedule Tribes, Backward Classes, Women etc., in the State and have directed that the procedure set out in the two Annexures should be followed in the implementation of the reservation in favour of local candidates provided under the Order. Annexure—II to this Government Order will regulate admission to non-State-wide Universities and non—State—wide Educational Institutions subject to the control of the State Government; while Annexure—IV will regulate admissions to State-wide Universities and State-wide Educational Institutions. The Registrars of Universities in the State, the Director of Public Instruction, Director of Technical Education, Director of Medical and Health Services, Director of Indian Medicine and the director of Employment and Training were requested to issue suitable instructions to all the educational institutions under their control to follow the procedure laid down in Annexure—III & IV in the matter of admission of local candidates in pursuance of the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974.

11. As clarifications were being sought on the question as to who should be considered eligible to apply as candidates belonging to the State of Andhra Pradesh for the purpose of admission to courses of studies offered by the educational institutions, subject to the control of the State Government, against the 15% of the available seats kept unreserved in terms of the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974 the Government after careful consideration have directed that the following categories of candidates may be treated as eligible to apply for admissions to educational institutions in the State, subject to the control of the State Government; as candidates belonging to the State of Andhra Pradesh against the 15% of the available seats left unreserved in terms of the residential order

(I) All local candidates defined in the Presidential order,

(ii) Candidates who have resided in the State for a total period of ten years excluding periods of study outside the State or either of whose parents have resided in the State for a total period of ten years excluding periods of employment outside the State;

(iii) Candidates who are children of parents who are in the employment of this State or Central Government, Public Sector Corporation Local Bodies, Universities and other similar quasi Public Institution within the State; and

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(iv) Candidates who are spouses of those in the employment of
the State or Central Government Public Sector Corporations, Local Bodies
Universities and educational institutions recognized by the Government or a
University or Other competent authority and similar other quasi Government
institutions within the State.

12 ‘It has been decided that persons in the employment of this
State or Central Government Public Sector Corporations., Local Bodies
Universities and other similar Quasi Public institutions, within the State may
be treated as eligible to apply for admission to the part-time course of study
offered by the educational institutions in the State subject to the control of
the State Government as candidates belonging to the State of
Andhra Pradesh,

13 The ‘Government consider that in the large majority of cases
falling under the above categories, nativity may not be in doubt. The Heads
of Educational, institutions or other admission authorities may call for
appropriate. Certificates of study/residence of employment in cases of
doubt,

14, In pursuance of the instructions in the Memo eighth cited that a
consolidated, single, self contained order,- in suppression of all previous
instruction on the subject may be issued which should be a comprehensive,
self contained and unequivocal order avoiding reference to, the previous
order, these orders are issued in regard to the circulars on Andhra Pradesh
Educational institutions (Regulation of Admissions). Order, 1974,

( BY ORDER AND IN THE N/WJS OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

B. PRABAKAR REDDY
Secretary to Government

To
The Director of Printing and Stationery and stores Purchase (Printing Wing)
Department Chanchalguda, Hyderabad,
He is requested to the G .O, in book -form and Supply 2000 copies to this
Department very urgently,
The Registrars of all the Universities in the State.
The Director of Higher Education / Public’ Instruction, Hyd,
The Director of Technical Education Hyderabad,
The Director o-t Medical- and Health Services, Hyderabad
The Director of Indian Medicine, Hyderabad,
The Director of Employment and Training, Hyderabad.
Director, Women, and Child Welfare, Hyderabad,
Copy to Medical and Health Department,
Copy to Labour Employment and Technical Education Department,
Copy to Food & Agriculture Department,
Copy to General Administration (SPF.B) Department (50 copies)
Copy to General Administration (AR & T.II) Department
The Director, Universities, Ministry of Education, Government of India, New Delhi.
The Secretary, Government of India Ministry of Home Affairs (SR) Government of
India, New-Delhi.
Copy to -Law (I) Department,

SF/Scs.

// Forwarded: by Order //

Sd/-
Section Officer,
Example-1:

‘A’ studied for 3 yrs in the Andhra University local area, for 2 years in the Osmania University local area, and again for 2 years in the Andhra University local, area immediately proceeding the qualifying examination. He does not qualify himself as a local candidate of any local area in the State under Para 4 (1) of the Order. He will therefore be treated as a local candidate of the Andhra University local area since he has studied for the longest period of 5 years within a period of 7 years before the relevant qualifying examination that local area, vide Paragraph 4(2)(a) (i).

Example—2

‘B’ studied for the first 3 years in Andhra University local area next 3 years in the Osmania University area and thereafter 1 year in the Sri Venkateswara University local area, Ho does not qualify himself as a local candidate of any local area in the State under para .4 (1) of the Order. He will therefore be treated as a local candidate of the Osmania University local area as in the last of the two equal periods within the relevant period of 7 years he studied in that local area Vide pare 4(2)(a)(ii).

Example—3

‘C’ studied for 1 year in Andhra University local area, then 2 years in Sri Venkateswara University local area, 2 years again in Andhra University local area and 1 year in the Sri Venkateswara University local area and finally 1 year in the Osmania University local area. He does not qualify as a local candidate of any local area in the State under sub para (1) of para 4. He will therefore he regarded as a local candidate of the Sri Venkateswara University local area as during the last of the equal periods of (3 years each) after computation of the periods of studies within the relevant 7 years period he studied in that local area. Vide para 4(2)(a)(ii).

Example—4

‘D’ did not study in any educational institutions for one year due illness/poverty during the 7 consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination, but resided in the State during the whole of the 7 years period. He resided and studied in Andhra University local area for 3 years, later on he shifted to the Sri Venkateswara University local area where he studied and resided for one year, he thereafter shifted back to the Andhra University local area again and studied and resided there for 2 years with a gap of one year during which also he resided in the Andhra University area. ‘D’ does not therefore qualify himself as a local candidate of any local area in the State under para 4(1) of the Order. He will be regarded as the local candidate of the Andhra University local area as he has resided for the longest period of 6 years within the period of 7 years immediately preceding the relevant qualifying examination, Vide para 4(2)(b)
Example—5

‘E’ did not study in any educational institution for one year on account of illness/poverty during the relevant 7 years period preceding the relevant qualifying examination but resided in the State during the whole of the said period. He studied and resided for 2 years in the Andhra University local area, he did not study for 1 year thereafter, but resided in the Andhra University local area, then studied and resided for 3 years in the Osmania University local area and lastly the year in the Sri Venkateswara University local area. He does not therefore qualify himself as a local candidate of any local area in the State under para 4(1) of the Order. He will be regarded as the local candidate of the Osmania University local area as during the last of the 2 equal periods (of 3 years each) of his residence within the period of 7 years he was in that local area. Vide para 4 (2) (b) (ii).

Example—6:

‘F’ had a gap in his study on account of poverty/illness for a period ‘of one year during the 7 consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination but has resided in the State during the whole of the 7 years period. He studied and resided for one year in the Andhra University local area, did not study the next one year due to poverty or illness but resided during the period in Andhra University local area, then studied and resided in the Sri Venkateswara University local area for 2 years came back to the Andhra University local area and studied and resided there for 1 year, later again studied and resided in the Sri Venkateswara University local area for 1 year and during the last year he studied and resided in Osmania University local area. He does not qualify as a local candidate of any local area in the State under para 4(1). He should be regarded as a local candidate of the S.V.University local area as during the last of the equal periods (of 3 years) after computation within the 7 years period he was within that area. Vide para 4(2) (b) (ii)

ANNXURE - II

Admission for ...........................................course. It is hereby certified:-

(a) that . . . ............... Son of / daughter of. ................. a candidate for admission he ........................................course appeared for the first time for he ....................... examination (being the minimum qualifying examination for admission to the course mentioned above) in .................(month) ....................(Year).

(b) that he/she has not studied in any educational, institution during the whole/a part of the 4/7 consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he/she first appeared for the aforesaid examination.

(c) that in the (a) immediately proceeding the commencement of the aforesaid examination, he/she has resided in the following place/places falling within the local area in respect of the ........................................ University namely:

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2. The above candidate is, therefore, a local candidate in relation to the local area specified in paragraph **
3. (1) /3 (2) /3 (3) of the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admission) Order, 1974.

OFFICE SEAL
Officer of Revenue Department
Not below the rank of Tahsildar

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@@ N.B:- Candidates claiming local candidature with reference to para 4(1)(b) of the Order need furnish particulars of residence for 4 years but those claiming candidature under para 4(2) (b) ** score off the ones not applicable.
+ Andhra (Nagarjuna /Osmania (Kakatiya)/ Sri Venkateswara.

** ANNEXURE III **

PROCEDURE FOR IMPLEMENTTATION OF THE RESERVATION IN FAVOUR OF LOCAL CANDIDATES PREOVIDED UNDER THE ANDHRA PRADESH EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS (REGULATION OF ADMISSIONS) ORDER, 1974 IN RESPECT OF NON-STATE—WIDE UIIVEI1ITIES AND OTHER NON-STATE—WIDE EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS (WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO THE CONTROL OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT)

1. The number of “available seats” in the course of study shall first be computed by deducting from the total number of seats provided in that course the number of seats reserved for candidates from outside the State.
2. The number of seats reserved in favour of local candidates in relation to the local area in respect of the ‘University’ or other educational institution concerned shall then be determined; ‘this number shall be 85% of the available seats, any fraction of a seat being’ counted as one provided that there shall be at least one unreserved seat.
3. From amongst all eligible applicants, whether such applications are local candidates or not, a provisional list of admission to file all the available seats shall drawn up, This provisional list shall be prepared on the basis of the relative merits of all eligible applicants and the reservations in favour of scheduled castes, scheduled. Tribes, backward classes Women etc., as provided under the relevant rules of admission. The candidates included in the provisional admission list shall be arrange in order of merit or where the rules of, admission provide ‘for their arrangement if any other order, in the order as provided.

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4. The provisional admission list shall be scrutinized to ascertain the number of local candidates finding a place in that list. If the number of local candidates finding a place in the provisional admission list equals or exceeds the number of seats reserved in favour of local candidates, Such provisional admission list shall be deemed to be final admission list.

5. If, however, on the scrutiny referred to in Para 4, it is found that the number of local candidates finding a place in the said provisional admission list falls short of the number of seats reserved in favour of local candidates, the local candidates not included in the provisional admission list shall be arranged in order of merit in a separate list referred to as Reminder list, thereafter, the candidates other than local candidates (referred to as ‘non-local’ candidates) finding a place in the provisional admission list shall be successively eliminated in reverse order from the bottom of such list and replaced by local candidates selected in order of merit from the Reminder list, so, however that the provisions in the rules of admission for reservation in favour of scheduled caste, scheduled tribes, backward classes, women etc., are observed to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the provisions of the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admission) order 1974. This process of successive elimination of non-local candidates and their replacement by local candidates shall be continued until the number of local candidates in the provisional admission list equals the number of seats reserved for such candidates. At that stage the provisional admission list as so modified shall be deemed to be the final admission list.

ILLUSTRATIONS

Illustration:- A: The number of available seats in a course of study is 101, then the number of seats reserved in favour of local candidates will be 85% of 101 with the fraction being counter as one. Thus, the number of seats reserved in favour of local candidates will be 86,. If in the provisional admission list the number of local candidates equals or exceeds 86 such provisional admission list shall be deemed to be final admission list.

Illustration:-B: If in the case referred to under Illustration A the number of local candidates in the provisional admission list is 84, the 2 non-local candidates at the bottom of the provisional admission list shall be eliminated and replaced by 2 local candidates from the remainder list. The provisional list so modified shall be deemed to the final admission list.

Illustration:-C: If in the case referred to under Illustration B above one of the non-local candidates at the bottom of the provisional admission list who is proposed to be eliminated is a scheduled castes candidate whose replacement by non-scheduled caste candidates will violate the rule of reservation in favour of schedules castes, such non-local scheduled caste candidates shall be replaced by the first available local scheduled candidates in the remainder list.

Illustration: D If in the case referred to under Illustration: C above, it is found that there is no local Scheduled Caste candidate available in the Reminder list to replace the non—local schedule caste candidate, then the non—local Scheduled caste candidate in the provisional admission list shall be allowed to remain in such list and the ‘non—local non—scheduled caste candidate immediately above him In such list shall be eliminated and replaced by a local candidate from the Remainder list.

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PROCEDURE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RESERVATION IN FAVOUR OF LOCAL CANDIDATES PROVIDED UNDER THE ANDHRA PRADESH EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS (REGULATION OF ADMISSIONS) ORDER, 1974 IN RESPECT OF STATE—WIDE UNIVERSITIES AND STATE—WIDE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS (WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO THE CONTROL OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT):

1. The number of available seats in the course of study shall first be computed by deducting from the total number of seats provided in that course the number of seats reserved for candidates from outside the State.

2. If the number of available seats does not exceed 3, the provisions relating to reservation in favour of local candidates shall not apply to such course. Where, however, the number of available seats exceeds 3 further action should be taken in the manner set out in the following paragraph.

3. The number of seats reserved in the aggregate in favour of local candidates in relation to all the three University local areas, namely the Andhra University area, the Osmania University area and Sri Venkateswara University area shall be determined, this number shall be 85% of the available seats, any fraction of a seat being counted as or provided that there shall be at least one unreserved seat.

4. The number of seats reserved in the aggregate in favour of local candidates of all the three University areas having been determined as provided under paragraph 3, the number of such, reserved seats allocated in favour of the candidates of each of the three University area shall then be determined. For this purpose the number of reserved seats shall be allocated amongst the local candidates of the Andhra University, Osmania University and Sri Venkateswara University local areas in the ratio 42:36:22 respectively. While allocating the reserved seats, fractions of a seat shall be adjusted by counting the greatest fraction as one and if necessary also the greater or remaining fractions as another, and where the fraction to be so counted cannot be selected by reason of fractions being equal, the selection shall be by lot. There shall however o atleast one seat allocated for the local candidates in respect of each local area.

5. From amongst all the eligible applicants whether such applicants are local candidates in relation to any of the three University local areas or not, a provisional list of admissions to fill all the available seats shall be drawn up. This list shall be prepared on the basis of the relative merits of all the eligible applicants and the reservations in favour of scheduled castes, scheduled tribes, backward clas, Women etc., as provided in the relevant rules of admission. The candidates included in the provisional admission list shall be arranged in order, of merit or where the rules of admission provide for their arrangement in any other order in the order as provided.

6. The provisional admission list shall be scrutinised to ascertain the number of local candidates in relation to each University local area that find a place in that list. If the number of local candidates in relation to each University area that find a place in the provisional admission list equals or exceeds the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of the local candidates of each such area then such provisional admission list shall be deemed to be the final admission list.
7. it, however, on the scrutiny referred to in para 6 above is found that the number of local candidates in relation to any one or more University areas falls short of the number of seats reserved in favour of the local candidates of such University area or areas” (referred to as “deficit University area or areas”) the local candidates in relation to the deficit University area or areas, not included in the provisional admission list ,shall be arranged in order of merit in a separate list referred to as the remainder list. Thereafter candidates finding, a place in the provisional admission 'list and belonging to either of the following two categories Viz.

(a) Non-Local candidates (i.e., those who are not local candidates in respect of the three University.

(b) Local candidates of any University area who are in excess of the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of the local candidates of such University area shall be successively eliminated in reverse order from the bottom of the provisional admission list and shall be replaced by local candidates in relation to the deficit University area or areas selected in order of merit from the Remainder list; so however, that the provisional relating to reservations in favour of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, backward classes, women etc. are observed to the extent that these are not in—consistent with the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institution (Regulation of Admission) Order,1974.

Whereas a result of the elimination of candidates falling under category (b) above the number of local candidates in relation to any University area remaining in the provisional admission list has been reduced so as to equal the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of the local candidates of the University area, there shall be no further elimination of candidates In respect of that University area. Likewise where as a result of the replacement by candidates from the Remainder list the number of local candidates in relation to any University area included in the Provisional admission list has gone up so as to equal the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of the local candidates in relation to that University area, there shall be no further replacement by local candidates in relation to that University area from the Remainder list. This process of successive elimination and replacement shall continue until the number of local candidates in respect of each deficit University area or areas, as the case may be, in the provisional admission list equals the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of the local candidates in respect of such University area or areas; at that stage, the provisional admission list as so ‘modified shall be deemed to be the final admission list,

ILLUSTRATION
Illustration — A: The number of available seats in a course of study is 101. The number of seats reserved in the aggregate in favour of local candidates in relation to all the three University local areas Viz, Andhra University, Osmania University and Sri Venkateswara University will be 85% of 101, the fraction being counted as one. Thus the total number of reserved seats will be 86. Those 86 seats will have to be allocated against the local candidates in relation to the three University areas in the ratio of 42: 36:22. This

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will result in an allocation of 36 12/100, 30 96/100 and 18 92/100, treating the fractions in the manner set out in paragraph 4 above, the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of Andhra, Osmania and Sri Venkateswara University areas will be 36, 31 and 19 respectively. If in the provisional list of admissions the number of local ‘-candidates in relation to the three University areas is 38, 34 and 22, (the remaining 7 being non—local candidates) the provisional list shall be deemed to be the final admission list.

ILLUSTRATION. B: If in the case referred to under illustration A, above, the number of local candidates in relation to the Andhra, Osmania and Sri Venkateswara University areas, are 38, 29 and 18 respectively, (the remaining 16, being non—local candidates) the Osmania and Sri Venkateswara University local areas will have to be treated as deficit University areas, the deficit being 2 seats in respect of the Osmania University area and one seat in respect of Sri Venkateswara University area, The number of local candidates in relation to the Andhra University area has exceeded the total number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of that University area by two. Therefore, three candidates from amongst those who are non—local candidates or local candidates in relation to the Andhra University area will have to be eliminated from the bottom of provisional admission list and replaced by two local candidates in relation to Osmania University area and one candidate in relation to Sri Venkateswara University area from the Remainder list, However while there will be no restriction on the number of non—local candidates to be eliminated from the list, the number of local candidates in relation to the Andhra University area who may so be eliminated in the present case shall not exceed two since after the elimination of 2 such candidates the number of local candidates in relation to Andhra University area remaining in the provisional admission list will just equal 36 i.e., the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of such candidates. Therefore if the list 3 candidates at the bottom of the provisional admission list are all local candidates in relation to the Andhra University area, the last 2- from the bottom shall alone be eliminated and the 3rd candidate to be eliminated shall be the last non-local candidate in the provisional admission list.

Illustration — C: If in the case referred to under, illustration B any of the candidates who is proposed to be eliminated is a Scheduled Caste candidate, whose replacement by a non Scheduled Caste candidate will violate the rule of reservation in favour of Scheduled Castes such Scheduled Caste candidate shall be replaced only by the first available Scheduled caste candidate in the Remainder list who is eligible for such replacement.

Illustration - D: If in the case referred to under Illustration C above there is no Scheduled Caste candidate in the Remainder list who is a local candidate in relation to the deficit University area to replace the Scheduled Caste candidate proposed to be eliminated from the provisional admission list the later scheduled caste candidate shall not be eliminated from such list and the non—scheduled caste candidate immediately above him in such list being a candidate falling under a category liable for elimination, shall be eliminated instead.

......13
APPENDIX

AS AMENDED UPTO 31 -8-1 977

THIS ORDER WAS RE PUBLISHED IN ANDHRA PRADESH GAZETTE EXTRA ORDINARY DATED 03-07-1974 (G.O.Ms.No.453 GENERAL ADMINISTRATION (SPF .B) DEPARTMENT, DT, 3-7--1 974)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS
(GRIH, MANTRALAYA)

New, Delhi, the 1st July,

ORDER

G.S.R. 299(E) -In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (1) & (2) of article 371-D of the Constitution of India, the President hereby makes, with respect to the State of Andhra Pradesh, the following order, Namely ; -

1. Shot title, extent and commencement:-
   (1) This Order may be called the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of admissions) Order, 1974.
   (2) It extends to the whole of the State of Andhra Pradesh
   (3) It shall come into force on the 1st day of July, 1974

2. Interpretation (1) In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires;—
   (a) “available seats”, in relation to any course of study, means the number of seats provided in that course -for admission at any time after excluding those reserved -for candidates, from outside the State;
   (b) “local area,” in respect of any University or other educational institution, means the local area specified in the paragraph 3 of this Order for the purposes of admission to such University or other educational institution;
   (c) “local candidate”, in relation to any local area, means a candidate who qualifies under paragraph 4 of this Order as a local candidate relation to-such local area; -
   (d) “State Government” means the Government of Andhra Pradesh;
   (e) “State-wide Educational institution” means an educational institution or a department of an educational institution specified in the Schedule to this Order.
   (f) “State-wide University” means the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University constituted under the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University Act, 1963 (Andhra Pradesh Act 24 of 1963) or the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University constituted under the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Act, 1972 (Andhra Pradesh Act 16 of 1972)
(2) Any reference to any District in this Order shall be construed as a reference to the area comprised in that District on the 1st day of July, 1974.

(3) The General Clauses Act, 1897 (10 of 1897) applies for the interpretation of this Order as it applies for the interpretation of a central Acts

3. Local area: (1) The part of the State comprising the districts Srikakulam, Visakhapatnam, West - Godavari, East Godavari, Krishna, Guntur and Prakasam shall be regarded as the local area for the purposes of admission to the Andhra University, *(the Nagarjuna University) and to any other educational institution (other than a State-wide University or State-wide educational institution) which is subject to the control of the State Government and is situated in that part

(2) The part of the State comprising the districts of Adilabad, Hyderabad, Karimnagar, Khammam, Mahabubnagar, Medak, Nalgonda, Nizamabad and Warangal shall be regarded as the local area for the purposes of admission to the Osmania University, **(the Kakatiya University) and to any other educational institution (other than the State-wise University or State-wise Educational institution) which subject to the control of the State Government and is situated in that part,

(3) The part of the State comprising the districts of Anantapur, Cuddapah, Kurnool, Chittoor and Nellore shall be regarded as the local area for the purposes of admission to Sri Venkateswara University and any other educational institution (other than a state-wide University or State-wide educational Institution) which is subject to the control of the State Government and is situated in that part.

4. Local candidates: (1) a candidate for admission to any course of study shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to a local area

(a) if he has studied in an educational institution or educational institutions in such local area for a period of not less than four consecutive academic year sending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case maybe, first appeared in the relevant qualifying examination; or

(b) where during the whole of any part of the four consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination, he has not studied in any educational institution, if he has resided in that local area for a period of not less than four years immediately preceding the date of commencement of the relevant qualifying examination in which he appeared or as the case may be first appeared,

[*** (2)A candidate for admission to any course of study who is not regarded as a local candidate under-sub-paragraph(1) in relation to any local area shall—

(a) if he has studied in educational institutions in the State for a period of not less than seven consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination, be regarded as a local candidate in relation to
i) Such local area where he has studied for the maximum period out of the said period of seven years: or

ii) Where the periods of his study in two or more local areas are equal, such local area where he has studied last in such equal periods: or

b) If, during the whole or any part of the seven consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appear for the examination, he has not studied in the educational institution in any local area, but has resided in the state during the whole of the said period of seven years, be regarded as a local candidate in relation to-

i) Such local area where he has resided for the maximum period out of the said period of seven years, or

ii) Where the period of *his* residence in two or more local areas are equal, such local area where he has resided last in such equal periods*.]

**Explanation for the purpose of this paragraph**

i) "Educational institution means a University or any educational institution means a University or any educational institution recognized by the State Government a University or other Competent authority;"

ii) "Relevant qualifying examination " in relation to admission to any course of study, means the examination, a pass in which is the minimum educational qualification for admission to such course of study:

[iii) In reckoning the consecutive academic years during which a candidate has studied,-

a) any period of interruption of his study by reason of his failure to pass any examination; and

b) any period of his study in state–wide University or a statewide educational institution, shall be disregarded]

@ (iv) the question whether any candidate for admission to any course of study has resided in any local area shall be determined with reference to the places where the candidate actually resided and not with reference to the residence of his parent or other guardian.]

5. Reservation in non- state–wide Universities and educational Institutions __ (1) Admissions to eighty – five percent of the available seats in every course of study provided by the (Andhra University, the Nagarjuna University, the Osmania University, ** the Kakatiya University or Sri Venkateswara University ) or by any other educational institution (other than a State – Wide University or a State- Wide educational institutions ) which is subject to the control of the State Government shall be reserved in favour of the local candidates in relation to the local area in respect of such University or other educational institution.
(2) While determining under sub-paragraph (1) the number of seats to be reserved in favour of local candidates any fraction of a seat shall be counted as one:

Provided that there shall be at least one unreserved seat

6. Reservation in Statewide Universities and State-wide Educational institutions

(1) Admissions to eighty five per cent of the available seats in every course of study provided by a Statewide University or a State-wide educational institution shall be reserved in favour of and allocated among the, local candidates in relation, to the *(local areas specified in sub-
paragraph (1)sub—paragraph (2) and subparagraph (3) of paragraph 3, in the ratio of 42 : 36: 22 respectively)

(2) While determining under sub-paragraph (1) the number of seats to be reserved in favour of the local candidates, any fraction of a seat shall be counted as one.

Provided that there shall be at least one unreserved seat

(3) While allocating under sub-paragraph (1) the reserved seats among the local candidates in relation to the difference local areas, fractions of a seat shall be adjuster by counting the greatest fraction as one and, if necessary, also the greater of the remaining fractions as another, and, where the fraction to be so counted cannot be selected by reason of the fractions being equal, the selection shall be by lot:

Provided that there shall be at least one seat allocated for the local candidates in respect of each local area

7. Filling of reserved vacant seats: - If a local candidate in respect of a local area is not available to fill any seat reserved or allocated in favour of a local candidate in respect of that local area, such seat shall be filled as if it had not been reserved.

8. Power to authorize issue of directions:--- (1) the president may, by order, require the State Government to issue such directions as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of giving effect to this order to any University or to any other educational institution subject to the control of the State Government; and the University or other educational institution shall comply with such directions,

(2) The State Government may, for the purpose of issuing any directions under sub-paragraph (1) or for satisfying it self, that any directions issued under that sub paragraph have been complied with require, by order in writing, any University or any other educational institution subject to the control of - the State Government to furnish them such information, report or particulars as may be specified in the order; and the University or other educational institution shall comply with such order.

9. Order to have overriding effect:— The provisions of this Order shall have effect not with standing anything contained in any statute, ordinance, rule, regulation or other order (whether made before or after the commencement of this Order) in respect of admissions to any University or to any other educational institution subject to the control of the State Government.

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10. **Removal of doubts**—For the removal of doubts it is hereby declared that nothing in this order shall affect the operation of any provisions made by the State Government or other competent authority (whether before or after the commencement of this order) in respect of reservation in the matter of admission to any University or other educational institution in favour of women, socially and educationally backward classes of citizens, the scheduled castes and the Scheduled Tribes in so far as such provisions are not in consistent with this order.

11. **Saving**—Nothing in this order shall apply to admission to any,

   (a) Primary school or secondary school
   
   (b) Correspondence courses provided by any University or other educational institution, or
   
   (c) Part-time course of study provided by any University or other educational institution solely for the benefit of employed persons.

**THE SCHEDULE**

[Vide paragraph 2(e)]

STATEWIDE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS SUBJECT TO THE CONTROL OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

1. College of physical Education, Hyderabad
2. College of Nursing, Hyderabad
3. Dental, Neuro-Surgery, Public Health, Radio Diagnosis and Radio Therapy Departments of the Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad
4. Nizamia Tibbi College, Hyderabad
5. School of Optometry, Sarojini Eye Hospital, Hyderabad
6. Silver, Jubilee College, Kurnool
7. Women’s Technical Training Institute, Hyderabad
8. Institute of printing Technology, Secunderabad
9. Regional Tailoring Centres, (Department of women and child Welfare), Anantapur and Khammam

By order and in the name of the President

(No.3/6/74-POLL (K)

Sd/-

(T.C.A.SRINIVASA).VARDAN)

ADDITIONAL SECRETARY TO
THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
ORDER

G.S.R. 1079 (E) In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (1) and (2) of article 371 D of the constitution, the president hereby makes the following Order further to amend the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions, (Regulation of Admission) Order 1974, namely-

1. This order may be called the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of admission amendment Order, 1986)

2. It shall come into force at once

In paragraph 2 of the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, in sub-paragraph 1, in clauses (f), at the end, following words figures and brackets shall be inserted, namely

“or the University of Health Sciences constitute under the University of Health Sciences Act, is (Andhra Pradesh Act 6 of 1986)”

(No.S-21012/6/86-SR)

By order and in the name of the president

Sd/- x x x x x x
Joint Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Sd/- x x x x x x
Section Officer

//True Copy//